

ALLIES HAVE WON BACK TWO-THIRDS LOST AREA

Brilliant Generalship of Gen. Foch Evident in Each Movement of Drive.

Paris, Aug. 29.—The allies now have won back more than two-thirds of the ground lost since the beginning of the German offensive in March. It was won from them by an overwhelming effort of force, and they have regained it by brilliant generalship.

The working out of Marshal Foch's strategy according to opinion here, shows that every movement in the section of the long battle line has been carefully thought out in its relation to the whole. Thus the British advance toward Peronne Aug. 26 had its immediate effect on the sections farther south, and for a second time Gen. Von Hutier was obliged to abandon Roze and Nesle and retire behind the Somme with the French close at his heels.

Immediate interest in the battle is in the operations on the wings. Gen. Mangin is fighting hard on the right in the region of Juvigny and Chavigny. The terrain is difficult there and the German Seventh army still clings to the line of the Vesle.

On the left the British east of Arras are getting dangerously near the formidable positions prepared several years ago to protect Douai and Cambrai. These towns are vital to the German position, so that a fierce struggle may be looked for before the allies reach them.

CANNOT AGREE ON BIG REVENUE BILL

Secretary McAdoo and Ways and Means Committee to Confer.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo was to appear before the house ways and means committee today to explain the additional administrative features of the \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill he desires incorporated in the latter.

Following the announcement by Chairman Kitchin, of the committee, that the bill probably would be reported tomorrow and taken up in the house early next week, he received another communication from the secretary setting forth about fifty new suggestions as to how the measure should be administered. After the committee devoted most of yesterday, Mr. Kitchin stated, to the new suggestions, it succeeded in disposing of about fifteen of the fifty, with the prospect of having to spend the rest of the week going over the remainder.

"It looks now as though we will not be able to get through with the bill this week," Kitchin said today. He admitted that no further progress had yet been made toward a final agreement between the committee and the treasury department as to the proposed 12 per cent. income tax, without any differential on unearned incomes which he favors.

In Secretary McAdoo's latest letter he again emphasized the importance of the committee not doing anything that would militate against the success of the approaching liberty loan drive. He expressed a wish that too onerous a burden not be placed on business, which, members of the committee said, surprised them, coming as it did after

STOP DANDRUFF! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEUTIFUL

Girls! Draw a cloth through your hair and double its beauty. Spend a few cents! Dandruff vanishes and hair stops coming out.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff, is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed, and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will, you can not find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes, but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.—(Adv.)



Eula Lee
a colored girl of Houston, Texas, uses Nelson's Hair Dressing

She says it certainly makes the hair soft, glossy and easy to manage. NELSON'S is the original and genuine Hair Dressing that is used by thousands of colored people all over the United States, and is sold and recommended by druggists everywhere.

Try NELSON'S and see how it improves your hair. Take this advertisement to the drug store and be sure to get the genuine. The price is still 25 cents.

NELSON MFG. CO., Inc.
RICHMOND, VA.
"Nelson's will make you proud of your hair."

OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE

HELLO, TRUE! HOW'S THE BOY? I'M ON MY WAY TO THE OPERA HOUSE TO ATTEND THE MATINEE. I'VE ONLY BEEN TO THREE SHOWS THIS WEEK. WON'T YOU JOIN ME?

FORD RUSHES BUILDING OF EAGLE BOATS

Winter Will Not Stop Production of U-Boat Chasers at Detroit.

(By Harry B. Hunt.)
Detroit, Mich.—(N. E. A.)—Henry Ford, world's largest producer of automobiles, is not disturbed by the order of the war industries board cutting off the manufacture of passenger automobiles on Jan. 1.

Ford's production of automobiles had been curtailed 90 per cent. before the war industries board made its ruling. Instead of silvers, Ford is now turning out big, powerful navy vessels of a type comparable to our old-style destroyers.

He is equipping these Eagles with great naval turbines built in his own shops. The tying up of the lakes by cold weather will not put an end to winter production of Eagles. The plant here will hold twenty-one vessels, which can be built during the winter and be ready in the spring. Probably an equal number of boats could be held at the outfitting stations in the River Rouge, on which the plant is built.

One a Day Soon.
But the output of Eagles during the winter months will be maintained from an assembling plant now nearing completion at Newark, N. J., to which the fabricated parts, ready for assembling, will be shipped from here.

The first Eagle was launched July 19. The second was getting her shaft and propeller the day I saw her, and she should be ready for the water. The third will follow perhaps within a week.

From that time on, the visible production will accelerate until—perhaps in one or two months—almost certainly within three months—production will approach one daily. Up to date the big job has been in preparation and in organization for the real production job. From now on, production itself can receive first attention.

No less a staggering job than the production of the Eagle hulls in quantity has been the work of providing power plants to drive them through the water.

There is a great industrial story in the building of the Ford plant of the turbines for these Eagles. Still another story lies in the type of crews that are to operate these boats—nearly all young lads from the middle states, most of whom have never seen salt water. They are being trained especially for these boats, and their officers are a finer, fitter bunch of lads never assembled at any naval training station.

Three months ago Secretary of Navy Daniels said the big problem of Eagle construction promised to be the power plants. All the shops in the country fitted to produce marine engines and turbines were working night and day to keep pace with the demands made upon them by the shipping board.

It seemed almost visionary to expect Ford to equip a new plant for producing the new lines of work they would have to do, and to produce turbines at the rate necessary to equip promptly the boats that were to be launched this fall at the Eagle ship shop.

This problem, however, is no longer one for worry. The output of turbines already is ahead of the output of Eagles, and is developing at a rate that insures a turbine and power plant ready and waiting for each Eagle as she is launched, no matter whether the output of boats is one per day or greater.

BLEASE LOSES BY 25,000 TO N. B. DIAL

Congressman Lever, of South Carolina, Renominated. Other Results.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 29.—Nat. B. Dial, candidate for the United States senate, will lead Cole E. Blease by over 25,000 votes, according to the last tally returns coming in today from Tuesday's primary. Over 100,000 votes were cast.

The large majority of Robert A. Cooper for governor is increasing with the latest reports. William Pollock and Thomas H. Peoples lost the contest for the unfinished term of the late Senator Tillman, in a second primary.

For congress, Lever, Burnes and Dominick have been renominated. The Fourth district congressman Nicholas lost a second primary with Horace L. Bonar.

FOURTH LOAN FOR SIX BILLION DOLLARS

No Official Announcement, but Thermometer Gives Indication.

Washington, Aug. 29.—That the fourth \$6,000,000,000 loan would be indicated today when a large "thermometer" upon which the daily progress of the large majority of the United States treasury building. No official announcement was made, but the indication was clear.

The campaign, it has been announced, will start Sept. 23 and continue for six weeks. Reports which have come in from the twelve federal reserve districts during the last week indicate a large over-subscription of the amount, if it is to be the total indicated today.

CAPTURE TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND PRISONERS

London, Aug. 29.—(11:50 a.m.)—Twenty-six thousand prisoners and more than ten guns have been captured by the British since August 21, the war office officially announced today.

RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION SHIPS FLY OWN FLAG
Washington, Aug. 29.—A white flag with a red border, the flag of the letters U. S. R. A. is to be flown from each of the seventy-nine steamships now controlled by the railroads administration, Director McAdoo announced today.

WARNS AGAINST LOSING INTEREST BY AMERICANS
London, Aug. 29.—The Americans, although their numbers are steadily increasing, have gone almost out of the picture so far as the battle news is concerned, wires a correspondent at the front. "What does this strangely significant silence portend? We need not attempt to answer the question in advance, but merely to put it. It will be sufficient to safeguard against too exclusive interest in the present battle front."

VOLLEY AT IRKUTSK SIGNS KAISER'S DEATH WARRANT IN SIBERIA

Kniesly Tells Thrilling Story of Dramatic Battle at Railway Station Which Changes Whole War Situation.

Vladivostok, Siberia.—(N. E. A.)—You should know all about the dramatic battle of the railroad station at Irkutsk, Siberia. The battle was fought on the 22nd of August, and it was a great and dramatic feature of the whole Siberian crisis.

It was a fatal mistake when armed Germans and Austrians who had been taken prisoners by the Russian armies during the early days of the war and who are now supporting the bolsheviks and fighting side by side with them, fired with machine guns into a trainload of almost unarmed Czechoslovakians who were hastening through Siberia to the Pacific to sail for France and the western fighting line.

It was indeed a fatal mistake for the kaiser because this act of his zealous subjects far away from home has changed the whole war situation in Siberia and Russia, and bids fair to help decide the war as a whole by putting Russia back into it.

The Czechoslovakians, Slav kindred of the Russians, able to speak Russian like Russians and to pass as Russians, and liked by the mass of the Russian people, come from Bohemia and Slovakia and the adjoining territories bounded by Austria proper, Hungary, Russia, Poland and Germany. They were Austrian subjects, against their will. Forced into the war as members of Austro-Hungarian army corps, they surrendered to the Russians at the first opportunity.

They were in Ukraine, near Kiev, when after the shameful peace treaty forced by Germany on disorganized Russia, German troops advanced into the Ukraine. They faced execution as deserters. Through negotiations they were proclaimed part of the Czechoslovak army in France and fought their way out of Ukraine to travel the entire length of the trans-Siberian railroad to Vladivostok, there to take ship for France.

They turned over to the bolsheviks all their machine guns, and even all their rifles except ten for each 100 men, as evidence of good faith and to procure free passage to Vladivostok. All they wanted was to get out of Siberia and into France to fight.

The first train loads were arriving in Vladivostok, when two more of the numerous trainloads of the Czechs, who were strung out 60,000 strong over the whole trans-Siberian line, approached Irkutsk. One trainload pulled into the station. The other was held seven miles west of the station.

On the station platform bolshevik troops armed German and Austrian prisoners were lined up. In the second-story windows machine guns were in position. The Czechs were given three minutes to surrender their few remaining rifles.

They called attention to the agreement under which they had retained ten rifles for each 100 men, for personal safety. They asked fifteen minutes to confer. It was granted.

The Czechs gathered in groups in the coaches to decide what to do. Almost immediately, from an upstairs window of the station, came the order "Schies sen!" in German, that means "Fire."

The machine guns belched. The red guards and armed Germans volleys. The Czechs in the train were shot like rats in a trap. Over a score perished in their seats.

The Czechs piled out of those coaches like mad demons—600 to 1,000 of them. They cleaned off the platform, grabbing rifles and ammunition from the bolshevik troops as they went. They cleaned out the station. They captured the machine guns. They inflicted losses double their own, and more.

Their comrades seven miles back along the railroad heard the firing. They seized the engine and brought the train to the rescue. They captured the arsenal, in another part of Irkutsk, and armed themselves. They took over the entire city.

Right here somebody lit the funeral pyre of bolshevism and Teutonism in Siberia. If the orders came from the kaiser, through his Russian minister, he unwittingly prepared by them a new war front for himself in the east.

If it was a soviet inspiration it started the soviet of Siberia toppling down, one after another, like houses of cards. If the German-Austrian prisoners at Irkutsk, angered at seeing the Czechs on their way to France to fight other Germans, took matters into their own hands they signed their own death warrant.

The soviet got the allied consuls at Irkutsk to intervene. Bodies were disinterred. Uniforms proved them to be armed German dead. And yet a new truce was patched up, by which the Czechs gave up their arms again and started once more on an official mission.

But the truce was not kept. Czech trains were everywhere in danger. So the Czechs started out to take over the trans-Siberian line. At Omsk, at Tomsk, at city after city, the Czechs put out the soviet, and as fast as this bolshevik governing committee was ousted there sprang up in each city a unit of the autonomous Siberian government—a government representative of Siberia and not imposed from Russia by the bolsheviks or any other party.

Maj. W. S. Drysdale, United States military attaché at Peking, coming over this entire line from an investigation trip back through the heart of Siberia, told me in Vladivostok:

"The Czechs are the most wonderful fighting men in the world today. Their situation changes the whole intervention situation. It is now a question of helping one side or the other. They are recognized ally force battling for life in Siberia against our enemies, armed German prisoners. And we have, too, a spontaneous, native Siberian government with which the allies can co-operate."

That's why we have allied intervention today. Having been on the spot at the time I can say authoritatively that the bringing to Harbin and Vladivostok of the news of that policy at Irkutsk, and of the dramatic Czech campaign that followed it with its governmental consequences, changed the policy of the United States and put American and Japanese troops into Siberia.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative
Sold by Druggists Everywhere
50 cts. (Two) \$1.00

Quickly corrects disorders of the intestinal tract, relieves the congestion and restores normal regularity. It is gentle in action and does not gripe. A trial bottle can be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 458 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

Electrical Fixtures
Are cheaper now than they will be again for long, long time! In fact, there'll be hard times later getting anything at all in electrical specialties. Take a tip and buy now while the buying is good. Special prices on lighting fixtures.

Fred Cantrell Co.
607 MARKET STREET

Magill Hardware Co.

OUR NEW LOCATION
621 MARKET STREET
WOULD APPRECIATE A CALL

The McCallie School

OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 9:00 A. M.
With a Faculty of Fourteen College Graduates—Every One a Specialist.

FACULTY OF THE McCALLIE SCHOOL, 1918-1919

The faculty of The McCallie School is the largest and most experienced teaching corps that the school has ever had. The number of teachers (fourteen) allows for thorough classroom work, small numbers in classes and careful attention to the individual. The outside activities of the school will be well taken care of as the faculty is unusually well-rounded, having in its membership men of athletic ability, of musical ability and of literary ability. The aim of McCallie to give a three-fold education, of heart, mind and body will not be overlooked this year and all activities will be under the supervision of experienced directors.

The study of the Bible, always a strong feature of The McCallie School, will not be neglected, but is strengthened by the addition to the faculty of Mr. Lheureux, who is an experienced Bible teacher. It will be possible for every boy in McCallie to take Bible this year. McCallie's work in Bible is of such a high grade that the colleges are giving it full credit in the preparation of the student. McCallie has a large and active Y. M. C. A. as well as an effective Pocket Testament League. McCallie's delegation to the Blue Ridge Conference this summer was second only to the Webb School.

The Department For Younger Boys.

The McCallie School maintains a well-organized department for boys of the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th grades. This department is in a separate building from that of the older boys, allowing for complete adaptation of classroom work, discipline, length of study periods, length of school hours, etc., to the needs of the younger boys. Yet the boys of this department are under the same teachers and receive the same careful attention as do the older boys. The McCallie School has always had a teacher on the play grounds responsible for the younger boys. Their play and their literary work and their military drill is as effectively supervised as is that of the older boys. The large number of teachers makes this possible.

Boy Scout Department.

The McCallie School takes pleasure in announcing that it is adding to its regular work this fall a Department of Boy Scout work. This department will be under the direct supervision of Scout Executive Roy D. Bachman, who becomes a regular member of The McCallie School faculty and who will have charge of the instruction in Boy Scout work. It is the purpose of Scout Executive Bachman to make the course

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Military Department.

The McCallie School has been inspected and approved by the War Department in its military work. Major Woodfin Rampley, a graduate of the Georgia Institute of Technology and for several years an officer in the State Militia of Georgia, is the military officer in charge. Major Rampley has been with The McCallie School for two years and is an experienced teacher. In order that he might bring to his work this fall a fresh knowledge of the very latest tactics and of modern trench warfare, Maj. Rampley is spending the Summer at the Virginia Military Institute Training Camp, where he is under the instruction of Canadian, French and regular United States army officers who have had actual experience at the front in France. With Major Rampley, at the V. M. I. T. C., are four members of the Senior class. They are taking the same intensive work as are men designated by the Government to train college men this fall. Two more of McCallie Seniors are at the Junior Plattsburg Training Camp, Plattsburg, N. Y. McCallie will thus have an unusual number of highly trained men available as student officers under the experienced direction of Maj. Rampley. Capt. Charles S. Sydnor, of the faculty, has had military instruction under a regular U. S. army officer at Hampden-Sidney College for the past two years, and he will assist Major Rampley in the military department. The entire military work of the school will be under officers trained under Government supervision.

The McCallie School has been promised by the Government complete military equipment. Senator Shields, Senator McKellar and Congressman Moon have promised to do all in their power to secure this equipment for McCallie as speedily as possible. With an enrollment of 105 boys last year McCallie made a splendid start in military work. This year with a larger enrollment and with officers thoroughly trained for their work, with the best military drill field in the city—McCallie Alumni Athletic Field—the military department of the school will be thoro and efficient.

Every boy who expects to go to college ought to take his preparatory school education in a school that has military training and that makes a specialty of preparing for colleges. The McCallie School fills these requirements.

Headmasters—S. J. McCALLIE, J. P. McCALLIE—Hemlock 776